# Sikkim Public Service Commission

Written (Main) Examination for the post of Sub-Jailer

Time Allowed: 3 hours

#### PAPER - II ANTHROPOLOGY

Maximum Marks: 250

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Read the instructions carefully before answering the questions: -

- 1. This Test Booklet consists of 8 (eight) pages and has 63 (sixty-three) printed questions.
- 2. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED, TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
- Use only Black Ball Point Pen to fill the OMR Sheet.
- 4. Please note that it is the candidate's responsibility to fill in the Roll Number carefully without any omission or discrepancy at the appropriate places in the OMR ANSWER SHEET as well as on SEPARATE ANSWER BOOKLET for Conventional Type Questions. Any omission/discrepancy will render the Answer Sheet liable for rejection.
- Do not write anything else on the OMR Answer Sheet except the required information. Before
  you proceed to mark in the OMR Answer Sheet, please ensure that you have filled in the
  required particulars as per given instructions.
- 6. This Test Booklet is divided into 3 (three) parts Part-I, Part-II and Part-III.
- All three parts are Compulsory.
- Part-I consists of Multiple-Choice Questions. The answers for these questions have to be marked in the OMR Answer Sheet provided to you.
- Parts II and III consist of Conventional Type Questions. The answers for these questions have to be written in the Separate Answer Booklet provided to you.
- 10. After you have completed filling in all your responses on the OMR Answer Sheet and the Answer Booklet(s) and the examination has concluded, you should hand over the OMR Answer Sheet and the Answer Booklet(s) to the Invigilator only. You are permitted to take the Test Booklet with you.
- 11. Marking Scheme
  - THERE WIL BE **NEGATIVE MARKING** FOR WRONG ANSWERS MARKED BY A CANDIDATE IN THE OBECTVE TYPE QUESTIONS
  - (i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, one-third of the marks assigned to the question will be deducted as penalty.
  - (ii) If a candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a wrong answer even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above to the question.
  - (iii) If a question is left blank. i.e., no answer is given by the candidate, there will be no penalty for that question.

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

### PART - I (Multiple Choice Questions)

Choose the correct answer for Questions 1 to 50 from the given options. Each question carries 3 marks.  $[50 \times 3 = 150]$ 

- 1. Anthropology is the -
  - (a) Holistic study of man
  - (b) Biological study of man
  - (c) Fossil study of man
  - (d) Cultural study of man
- 2. Anthropos means-
  - (a) Apes
  - (b) Primates
  - (c) Man
  - (d) Monkeys
- 3. Animism is the belief on -
  - (a) Spirits
  - (b) Souls
  - (c) Gods
  - (d) None of the above
- Culture as a "complex whole" was coined by-
  - (a) L.H. Morgan
  - (b) L.A. White
  - (c) J. Steward
  - (d) E.B. Tylor
- Concept of "Savagery, Barbarism and Civilization" was proposed by -
  - (a) L.H. Morgan
  - (b) L.A. White
  - (c) J. Steward
  - (d) E.B. Tylor
- Concept of "Culture Ecology" was proposed by-
  - (a) L.H. Morgan
  - (b) L.A. White
  - (c) J. Steward
  - (d) E.B. Tylor

- The term "Neolithic revolution" was coined by-
  - (a) L.H.Morgan
  - (b) V.G. Childe
  - (c) J. Steward
  - (d) E.B. Tyler
- 8. Tylor and Morgan were considered as -
  - (a) Diffusionist
  - (b) Neo classical evolutionists
  - (c) Classical evolutionist
  - (d) None of the above
- 9. J. Steward is considered as a -
  - (a) Diffusionist
  - (b) Neo classical evolutionist
  - (c) Classical evolutionist
  - (d) All of the above
- 10. Levirate is allowed with-
  - (a) Younger brother of the deceased husband
  - (b) Elder brother of the deceased husband
  - (c) Both of them
  - (d) None of them
- 11. Sororate is allowed with-
  - (a) Elder sister of the deceased wife
  - (b) Younger sister of the deceased wife
  - (c) Both of them
  - (d) None of them
- 12. Cross cousin marriage occurs between the children of
  - (a) Uterine brothers only
  - (b) Uterine sisters only
  - (c) Uterine brother and sister only
  - (d) None of the above

- 13. Parallel cousin marriage occurs between the children of
  - (a) Uterine brothers only
  - (b) Uterine sisters only
  - (c) None of the above
  - (d) both (a) and (b)
- In case of fraternal polyandry, the husbands are-
  - (a) Uterine sisters
  - (b) Uterine brothers
  - (c) Cousin brothers
  - (d) All of the brothers
- 15. Marriage among the Nayar community is an example of
  - (a) Preferential marriage
  - (b) Group marriage
  - (c) Both (a) and (b)
  - (d) None of these
- 16. Husband-Wife is an example of-
  - (a) Consanguineal kins
  - (b) Affinal kins
  - (c) Fictive kins
  - (d) All of these
- 17. Son and Daughter are the example of-
  - (a) Consanguineal kins
  - (b) Affinal kins
  - (c) Fictive kins
  - (d) All of these
- 18. Step child and step parents are the example of -
  - (a) Consanguineal kins
  - (b) Affinal kins
  - (c) Both (a) and (b)
  - (d) Fictive kins
- 19. In-laws is the example of -
  - (a) Consanguineal kins
  - (b) Affinal kins
  - (c) Fictive kins
  - (d) All of these

- 20. Feast of merit was practiced by the-
  - (a) Nagas
  - (b) Garos
  - (c) Kukis
  - (d) Adis
- 21. Barter is a system of -
  - (a) Monetary exchange
  - (b) Labour exchange
  - (c) Exchange of goods
  - (d) All of the above
- 22. Traditional occupation of the Gonds was-
  - (a) Settled cultivation
  - (b) Shifting hill cultivation
  - (c) Iron smelting
  - (d) Pastoralism
- 23. Traditional occupation of the Bhils was-
  - (a) Settled cultivation
  - (b) Shifting hill cultivation
  - (c) Iron smelting
  - (d) Hunting
- 24. Traditional occupation of the Todas was-
  - (a) Settled cultivation
  - (b) Pastoralism
  - (c) Iron smelting
  - (d) Shifting hill cultivation
- 25. Traditional occupation of the Karbis was-
  - (a) Settled cultivation
  - (b) Iron smelting
  - (c) Shifting hill cultivation
  - (d) Hunting
- 26. "Leopard skin chief" was noticed among the-
  - (a) Nuers
  - (b) Mawris
  - (c) Bhils
  - (d) Nagas

- 27. Segmentary lineage was noticed among the:
  - (a) Gaddis
  - (b) Savaras
  - (c) Bhils
  - (d) Nuers
- "Political System of Highland Burma" was written by -
  - (a) E.B. Tylor
  - (b) E. Leach
  - (c) B.K. Malinowski
  - (d) R. Redfield
- 29. Participant observation in field work was proposed by-
  - (a) E.B. Tylor
  - (b) E. Leach
  - (c) B.K. Malinowski
  - (d) R. Redfield
- Genealogy method in Anthropology was proposed by-
  - (a) E.B. Tylor
  - (b) E. Leach
  - (c) B.K. Malinowski
  - (d) W.H.R. Rivers
- 31. Caste is -
  - (a) an Ascribed status
  - (b) an Achieved status
  - (c) a Changing status
  - (d) All of them
- 32. Class is -
  - (a) an Ascribed status
  - (b) an Achieved status
  - (c) Both (a) and (b)
  - (d) None of them
- 33. Ashrama system had-
  - (a) 2 divisions
  - (b) 3 divisions
  - (c) 4 divisions
  - (d) 5 divisions

- 34. Varna system had-
  - (a) 2 divisions
  - (b) 3 divisions
  - (c) 5 divisions
  - (d) 4 divisions
- 35. Joint family system is a traditional practice of -
  - (a) Rural hindu caste societies
  - (b) Tribal societies
  - (c) Urban societies
  - (d) All of the above
- 36. Concept of "Dominant Caste" was given by-
  - (a) L.P. Vidyarthi
  - (b) S.C. Dube
  - (c) M.N. Srinivas
  - (d) G.S. Ghurye
- 37. "Tribe-Caste Continuum" was proposed by-
  - (a) I. Karve
  - (b) S.C. Dube
  - (c) M.N. Srinivas
  - (d) S.C. Sinha
- 38. Taboo is related to-
  - (a) Restriction
  - (b) Sanction
  - (c) Relation
  - (d) Participation
- 39. Totemism is a system of -
  - (a) Biological relation
  - (b) Cultural belief
  - (c) Political organization
  - (d) Economic organization
- 40. In Tribal societies, the Clans are-
  - (a) Exogamous
  - (b) Endogamous
  - (c) Polygynous
  - (d) Polyandrous

- 41. Raymond Dart discovered-
  - (a) Australopithecus robustus
  - (b) Homo erectus erectus
  - (c) Neanderthalensis
  - (d) Australopithecus africanus
- 42. Robert Broom discovered-
  - (a) Australopithecus robustus
  - (b) Homo erectus erectus
  - (c) Neanderthalensis
  - (d) Australopithecus africanus
- 43. L.S.B. Leaky discovered-
  - (a) Australopithecus robustus
  - (b) Homo erectus erectus
  - (c) Homo habilis
  - (d) Australopithecus africanus
- 44. Eugene Dubois discovered-
  - (a) Australopithecus robustus
  - (b) Homo erectus erectus
  - (c) Homo habilis
  - (d) Australopithecus africanus
- 45. Homo erectus pekinensis was discovered from-
  - (a) Zhoukoudian
  - (b) Trinil
  - (c) Olduvai George
  - (d) Narmada valley

- 46. Swanscombe man was discovered by-
  - (a) E. Dubois
  - (b) A. Sonakia
  - (c) A.T. Marston
  - (d) J. Goodall
- 47. Chromosome number of Homo sapiens is:
  - (a) 23 pairs
  - (b) 22 pairs
  - (c) 46 pairs
  - (d) 21 pairs
- 48. According to the Mendelian 1st law of monohybrid cross, the phenotypic ratio is:
  - (a) 1:2:1
  - (b) 4:1
  - (c) 3:1
  - (d) 9:3:3:1
- According to the Mendelian 1st law of monohybrid cross, genotypic ratio is:
  - (a) 1:2:1
  - (b) 4:1
  - (c) 3:1
  - (d) 9:3:3:1
- 50. Mendelian 2<sup>nd</sup> law of dihybrid cross is also known as
  - (a) Law of survival of fittest
  - (b) Law of usage and abuse
  - (c) Law of segregation
  - (d) Law of independent assortment

#### PART - II

#### (Conventional Type Questions)

## Answer any 2 (two) from Questions 51 to 55. Each question carries 25 marks.

 $[2 \times 25 = 50]$ 

- 51. Discuss in detail about different branches and sub fields of Anthropology with their major importance.
- 52. Discuss in detail about the different fossil evidences in relation to the chronology of human evolution.
- 53. Discuss in detail about the fieldwork tradition in Anthropology.
- 54. Discuss about the theories of organic evolution in detail.
- 55. Discuss in detail about the unilinear, universal and multilinear theories of cultural evolution.

#### PART - III

# (Conventional Type Questions)

## Answer any 5 (five) from Questions 56 to 63. Each question carries 10 marks.

 $[5 \times 10 = 50]$ 

- 56. Give a detailed anthropological overview about family.
- Discuss about different forms of preferential marriage. Discuss about the different kinship based social behaviours.
- 58. Write a note on the Mendelian Principles and its application to human population.
- 59. Discuss with examples about different types of subsistence economic organizations.
- Discuss the socio-economic and racial characters of Indian Tribal population with appropriate examples.
- 61. Discuss the salient skeletal characters of Homo erectus.
- 62. Discuss about the evolutionary transformation of political organizations in human life.
- 63. Write in detail about the caste system in India.